MOLST GLOSSARY

- Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR): an emergency procedure which combines the application of chest compressions to provide blood circulation when the heartbeat has stopped, and rescue breathing.
- Ventilation: using mechanical means to assist or stimulate breathing
- Transfer to Hospital: a choice to be brought to a hospital for further evaluation and treatment
- Intubation: placing a plastic tube into the trachea (entrance to the lungs) so a breathing machine can be connected
- Non-invasive ventilation: use of a mask-like device to provide artificial breathing. This is a short-term method. If the failure is ongoing, intubation would become the next option for support.
- Dialysis: use of an artificial kidney machine to purify the blood when the kidneys cannot eliminate toxins made by the body.
- Artificial nutrition: use of formula to provide adequate calories either through a tube placed through the abdominal wall into the stomach or by an intravenous line placed into the neck or chest
- Artificial hydration: use of intravenous fluids to maintain hydration.